



Glen Ellyn, Illinois

Industry Overview

March 2025

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Spotlight Summary

Total - All Industries
Glen Ellyn village, IL – 2024Q3

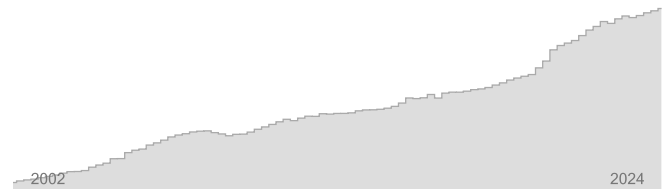
EMPLOYMENT



12,224

Regional employment / 166,047,787 in the nation

WAGES



\$72,751

Avg Wages per Worker / \$72,609 in the nation

-0.5% ↓

Avg Ann % Change Last 10 Years / +1.2% in the U.S.



100.0%

% of Total Employment / 100.0% in the U.S.

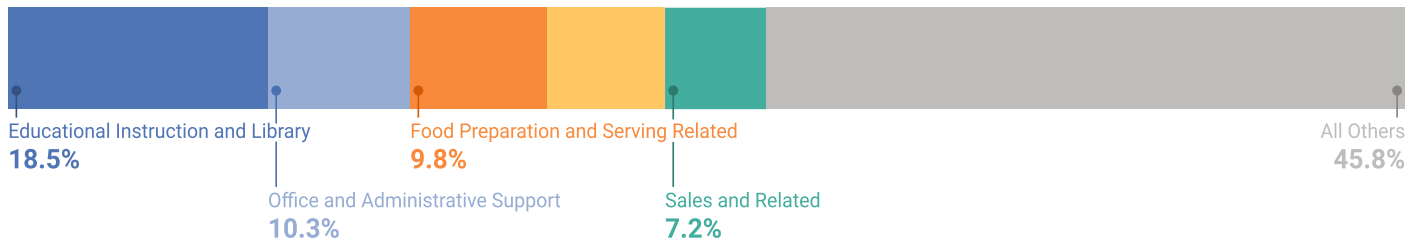


2.9% ↑

Avg Ann % Change Last 10 Years / +3.8% in the U.S.



TOP OCCUPATION GROUPS



TOP INDUSTRIES

Avg Ann % Change in Employment, Last 10 Years

0.6% ↑



Educational Services

-1.2% ↓



Health Care and Social Assistance

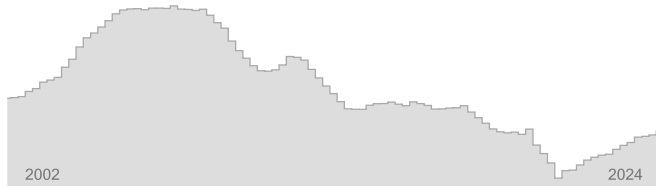
1.4% ↑



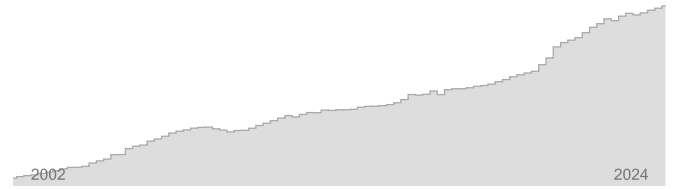
Accommodation and Food Services

Industry Snapshot

EMPLOYMENT



WAGES

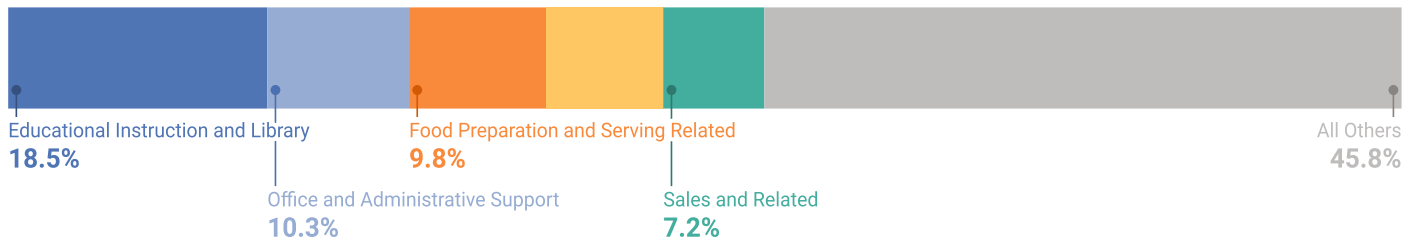


2-Digit Industry	Empl	Avg Ann Wages	LQ	5yr History	Annual Demand	Forecast Ann Growth
Educational Services	3,644	\$67,005	3.70		312	-0.8%
Health Care and Social Assistance	1,364	\$68,304	0.74		144	0.8%
Accommodation and Food Services	1,154	\$30,163	1.09		199	-0.5%
Retail Trade	962	\$45,943	0.80		118	-1.3%
Other Services (except Public Administration)	822	\$49,723	1.59		90	-0.4%
Professional, Scientific, and Technical Services	782	\$106,403	0.88		64	0.2%
Arts, Entertainment, and Recreation	741	\$31,053	2.94		108	-0.1%
Construction	676	\$92,338	0.92		54	-0.5%
Real Estate and Rental and Leasing	397	\$84,857	1.82		36	-0.5%
Wholesale Trade	333	\$107,001	0.73		31	-0.7%
Remaining Component Industries	1,350	\$87,045	0.29		126	-0.6%
Total - All Industries	12,224	\$72,751	1.00		1,272	-0.4%


Employment is one of the broadest and most timely measures of a region's economy. Fluctuations in the number of jobs shed light on the health of an industry. A growing employment base creates more opportunities for regional residents and helps a region grow its population.

Since wages and salaries generally compose the majority of a household's income, the annual average wages of a region affect its average household income, housing market, quality of life, and other socioeconomic indicators.

Staffing Pattern



6-digit Occupation	Empl	Avg Ann Wages	Annual Demand
Fast Food and Counter Workers	386	\$35,200	87
Personal Care Aides	308	\$37,100	49
General and Operations Managers	292	\$145,100	22
Office Clerks, General	248	\$48,900	24
Cashiers	226	\$34,400	36
Retail Salespersons	212	\$40,300	27
Secretaries and Administrative Assistants, Except Legal, Medical, and Executive	212	\$53,900	20
Elementary School Teachers, Except Special Education	211	\$79,100	12
Teaching Assistants, Except Postsecondary	198	\$40,900	22
Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	190	\$40,600	25
Remaining Component Occupations	9,698	\$80,800	956
Total	12,181		

 The mix of occupations points to the ability of a region to support an industry and its flexibility to adapt to future demand. Industry wages are a component of the cost of labor for regional employers.

Employment Distribution by Type

The table below shows the employment mix by ownership type for Total - All Industries for the Glen Ellyn village, IL. Four of these ownership types — federal, state, and local government and the private sector — together constitute “Covered Employment” (employment covered by the Unemployment Insurance programs of the United States and reported via the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages).

“Self-Employment” refers to unincorporated self-employment and represents workers whose primary job is self-employment (that is, these data do not include workers whose primary job is a wage-and-salary position that is supplemented with self-employment).

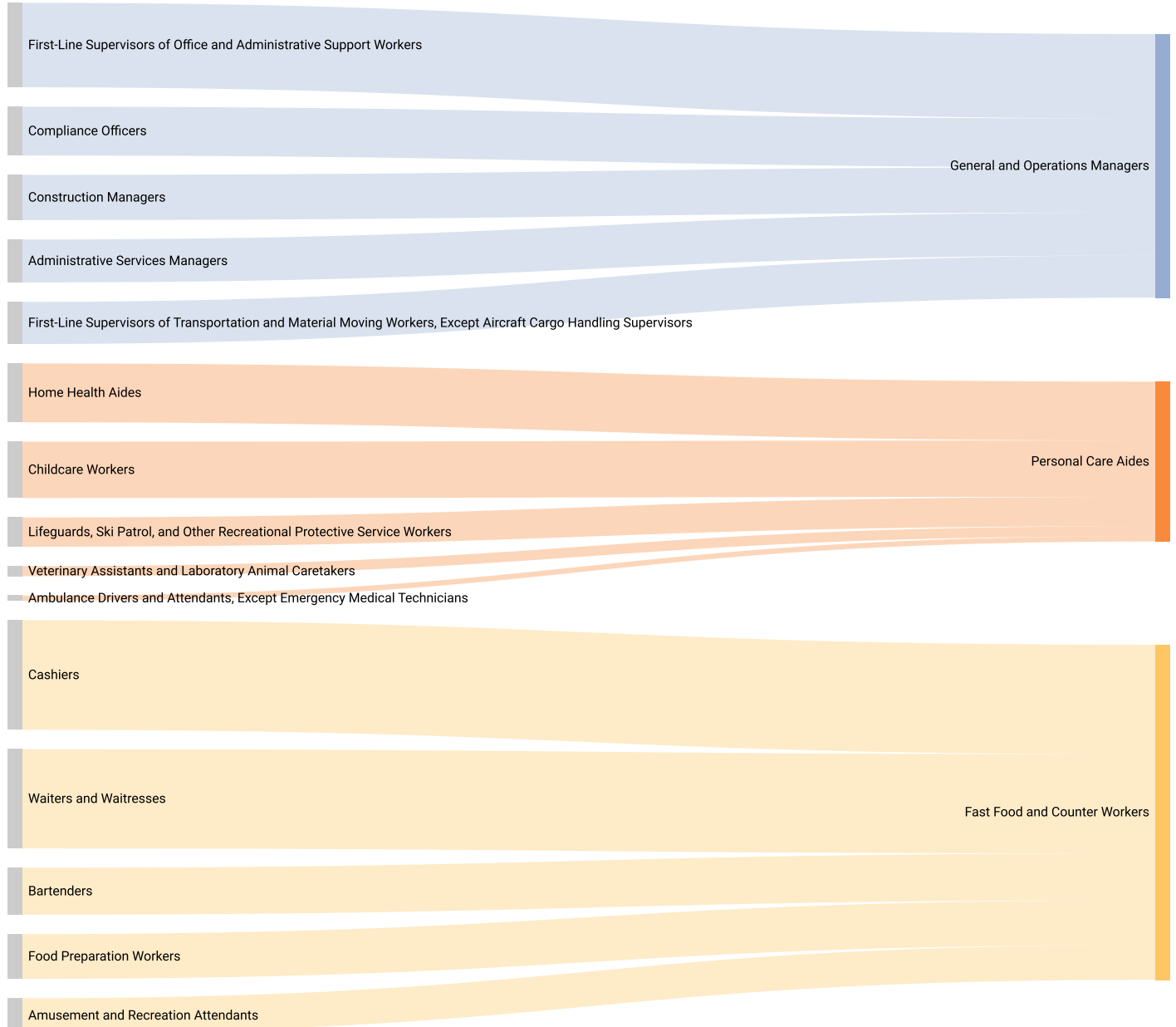



	Empl	%
Private	7,303	59.7%
Self-Employment	662	5.4%
Local Government	3,948	32.3%
State Government	35	0.3%
Federal Government	31	0.3%
Other Non-Covered	245	2.0%

Source: JobsEQ®

 Strong entrepreneurial activity is indicative of growing industries. Using self-employment as a proxy for entrepreneurs, a higher share of self-employed individuals within a regional industry points to future growth.

Sector Strategy Pathways




 The graphics on this page illustrate relationships and potential movement (from left to right) between occupations that share similar skill sets. Developing career pathways as a strategy promotes industry employment growth and workforce engagement.

Postsecondary Programs Linked to Total - All Industries

Program	Awards
College of DuPage	
Biological and Physical Sciences	244
Computer Programming, Specific Applications	135
Emergency Medical Technology/Technician (EMT Paramedic)	274
Heating, Air Conditioning, Ventilation and Refrigeration Maintenance Technology/Technician	26
Interior Design	32
Licensed Practical/Vocational Nurse Training	46
Medical Transcription/Transcriptionist	23
Meeting and Event Planning	17
Nursing Assistant/Aide and Patient Care Assistant/Aide	305
Registered Nursing/Registered Nurse	95

Source: [JobsEQ®](#)

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The number of graduates from postsecondary programs in the region identifies the pipeline of future workers as well as the training capacity to support industry demand.
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Among postsecondary programs at schools located in the Glen Ellyn village, IL, the sampling above identifies those most linked to occupations relevant to Total - All Industries. For a complete list see JobsEQ®, <http://www.chmuraecon.com/jobseq>

Glen Ellyn village, IL Regional Map



Data Notes

- Industry employment and wages (including total regional employment and wages) are as of 2024Q3 and are based upon BLS QCEW data, imputed by Chmura where necessary, and supplemented by additional sources including Census ZBP data. Employment forecasts are modeled by Chmura and are consistent with BLS national-level 10-year forecasts.
- Occupation employment is as of 2024Q3 and is based on industry employment and local staffing patterns calculated by Chmura and utilizing BLS OEWS data. Wages by occupation are as of 2024, utilizing BLS OEWS data and imputed by Chmura.
- GDP is derived from BEA data and imputations by Chmura. Productivity (output per worker) is calculated by Chmura using industry employment and wages as well as GDP and BLS output data. Supply chain modeling including purchases by industry are developed by Chmura.
- Postsecondary awards are per the NCES and are for the 2022-2023 academic year.
- Establishment counts are per the BLS QCEW data.
- Figures may not sum due to rounding.

FAQ

What is (LQ) location quotient?

Location quotient is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation.

What is annual demand?

Annual demand is a of the sum of the annual projected growth demand and separation demand. Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. Growth demand is the increase or decrease of jobs expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs.

What is the difference between industry wages and occupation wages?

Industry wages and occupation wages are estimated via separate data sets, often the time periods being reported do not align, and wages are defined slightly differently in the two systems (for example, certain bonuses are included in the industry wages but not the occupation wages). It is therefore common that estimates of the average industry wages and average occupation wages in a region do not match exactly.