

#### Wood Dale, Illinois

**Industry Overview** 

January 2024



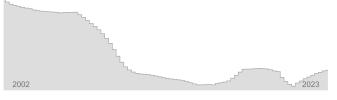
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### Spotlight Summary

**Total - All Industries** Wood Dale city, IL - 2023Q2

#### **EMPLOYMENT**



# 15,034

Regional employment / 163,330,410 in the nation

# 0.5%



Avg Ann % Change Last 10 Years / +1.3% in the U.S.

Region		
Nation		

% of Total Employment / 100.0% in the U.S.

Region	
lation	

## TOP OCCUPATION GROUPS

Ν



Avg Wages per Worker / \$70,318 in the nation



WAGES

Avg Ann % Change Last 10 Years / +3.8% in the U.S.

Region		
Nation		



#### TOP INDUSTRIES

Avg Ann % Change in Employment, Last 10 Years

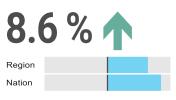
14.6 % Region



**Temporary Help Services** 



Freight Transportation Arrangement



General Warehousing and Storage





### **Industry Snapshot**

#### EMPLOYMENT

WAGES





6-Digit Industry	Empl	Avg Ann Wages	LQ	5yr History	Annual Demand	Forecast Ann Growth
Temporary Help Services	1,143	\$48,972	4.14	· · ·	125	-0.9%
Freight Transportation Arrangement	912	\$94,375	34.85		100	0.0%
General Warehousing and Storage	749	\$47,480	4.66		103	0.4%
Medical Laboratories	697	\$82,771	31.49		65	-0.1%
Computer Terminal and Other Computer Peripheral Equipment Manufacturing	471	\$103,485	155.13		39	-0.7%
Industrial Machinery and Equipment Merchant Wholesalers	391	\$100,313	12.72		36	-1.2%
Transportation Equipment and Supplies (except Motor Vehicle) Merchant Wholesalers	386	\$198,301	116.40	~~~	36	-1.2%
Wholesale Trade Agents and Brokers	376	\$105,257	7.55	·	35	-1.0%
All Other Plastics Product Manufacturing	307	\$69,121	10.61		31	-0.9%
Drugs and Druggists' Sundries Merchant Wholesalers	263	\$120,577	11.02	· · ·	26	-0.8%
Remaining Component Industries	9,298	\$63,767	1.98	·	950	-0.9%
Total - All Industries	15,034	\$77,607	1.00		1,623	-0.7%

Employment is one of the broadest and most timely measures of a region's economy. Fluctuations in the number of jobs shed light on the health of an industry. A growing employment base creates more opportunities for regional residents and helps a region grow its population.

Since wages and salaries generally compose the majority of a household's income, the annual average wages of a region affect its average household income, housing market, quality of life, and other socioeconomic indicators.



### **Staffing Pattern**



		Avg Ann	Annual
6-digit Occupation	Empl	Wages	Demand
Laborers and Freight, Stock, and Material Movers, Hand	1,098	\$40,700	148
General and Operations Managers	577	\$137,200	46
Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products	566	\$79,500	49
Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers	468	\$62,000	52
Customer Service Representatives	380	\$46,500	45
Stockers and Order Fillers	371	\$39,500	60
Office Clerks, General	333	\$46,600	34
Team Assemblers	293	\$42,100	27
Janitors and Cleaners, Except Maids and Housekeeping Cleaners	240	\$38,400	30
Industrial Truck and Tractor Operators	219	\$49,100	23
Remaining Component Occupations	10,451	\$74,900	1,019
Total	14,995		

The mix of occupations points to the ability of a region to support an industry and its flexibility to adapt to future demand. Industry wages are a component of the cost of labor for regional employers.



## **Employment Distribution by Type**

The table below shows the employment mix by ownership type for Total - All Industries for the Wood Dale city, IL. Four of these ownership types - federal, state, and local government and the private sector - together constitute "Covered Employment" (employment covered by the Unemployment Insurance programs of the United States and reported via the Quarterly Census of Employment and Wages).

"Self-Employment" refers to unincorporated self-employment and represents workers whose primary job is selfemployment (that is, these data do not include workers whose primary job is a wage-and-salary position that is supplemented with self-employment).

92.8%		
	Empl	%
Private	13,958	92.8%
Self-Employment	519	3.4%
Local Government	447	3.0%
State Government	21	0.1%
Federal Government	54	0.4%
Other Non-Covered	36	0.2%

Strong entrepreneurial activity is indicative of growing industries. Using self-employment as a proxy for entrepreneurs, a higher share of self-employed individuals within a regional industry points to future growth.



#### Sector Strategy Pathways

First-Line Supervisors of Office and Administrative Support Workers

First-Line Supervisors of Transportation and Material Moving Workers, Except Aircraft Cargo Handling Supervisors

First-Line Supervisors of Mechanics, Installers, and Repairers

**Construction Managers** 

Food Service Managers

#### Advertising Sales Agents

Sales Representatives, Wholesale and Manufacturing, Except Technical and Scientific Products

General and Operations Managers

Light Truck Drivers	
Private Detectives and Investigators Insurance Appraisers, Auto Damage	Heavy and Tractor-Trailer Truck Drivers
Highway Maintenance Workers	
Bus Drivers, Transit and Intercity	
Pesticide Handlers, Sprayers, and Applicators, Vegetation	

Motorboat Operators

The graphics on this page illustrate relationships and potential movement (from left to right) between occupations that share similar skill sets. Developing career pathways as a strategy promotes industry employment growth and workforce engagement.



# Wood Dale city, IL Regional Map





## Data Notes

- Industry employment and wages (including total regional employment and wages) are as of 2023Q2 and are based upon BLS QCEW data, imputed by Chmura where necessary, and supplemented by additional sources including Census ZBP data. Employment forecasts are modeled by Chmura and are consistent with BLS national-level 10-year forecasts.
- Occupation employment is as of 2023Q2 and is based on industry employment and local staffing patterns calculated by Chmura and utilizing BLS OEWS data. Wages by occupation are as of 2023, utilizing BLS OEWS data and imputed by Chmura.
- GDP is derived from BEA data and imputations by Chmura. Productivity (output per worker) is calculated by Chmura using industry employment and wages as well as GDP and BLS output data. Supply chain modeling including purchases by industry are developed by Chmura.
- Postsecondary awards are per the NCES and are for the 2021-2022 academic year.
- Establishment counts are per the BLS QCEW data.
- Figures may not sum due to rounding.



#### What is (LQ) location quotient?

Location quotient is a measurement of concentration in comparison to the nation. An LQ of 1.00 indicates a region has the same concentration of an industry (or occupation) as the nation. An LQ of 2.00 would mean the region has twice the expected employment compared to the nation and an LQ of 0.50 would mean the region has half the expected employment in comparison to the nation.

#### What is annual demand?

Annual demand is a of the sum of the annual projected growth demand and separation demand. Separation demand is the number of jobs required due to separations—labor force exits (including retirements) and turnover resulting from workers moving from one occupation into another. Note that separation demand does not include all turnover—it does not include when workers stay in the same occupation but switch employers. Growth demand is the increase or decrease of jobs expected due to expansion or contraction of the overall number of jobs.

#### What is the difference between industry wages and occupation wages?

Industry wages and occupation wages are estimated via separate data sets, often the time periods being reported do not align, and wages are defined slightly differently in the two systems (for example, certain bonuses are included in the industry wages but not the occupation wages). It is therefore common that estimates of the average industry wages and average occupation wages in a region do not match exactly.

